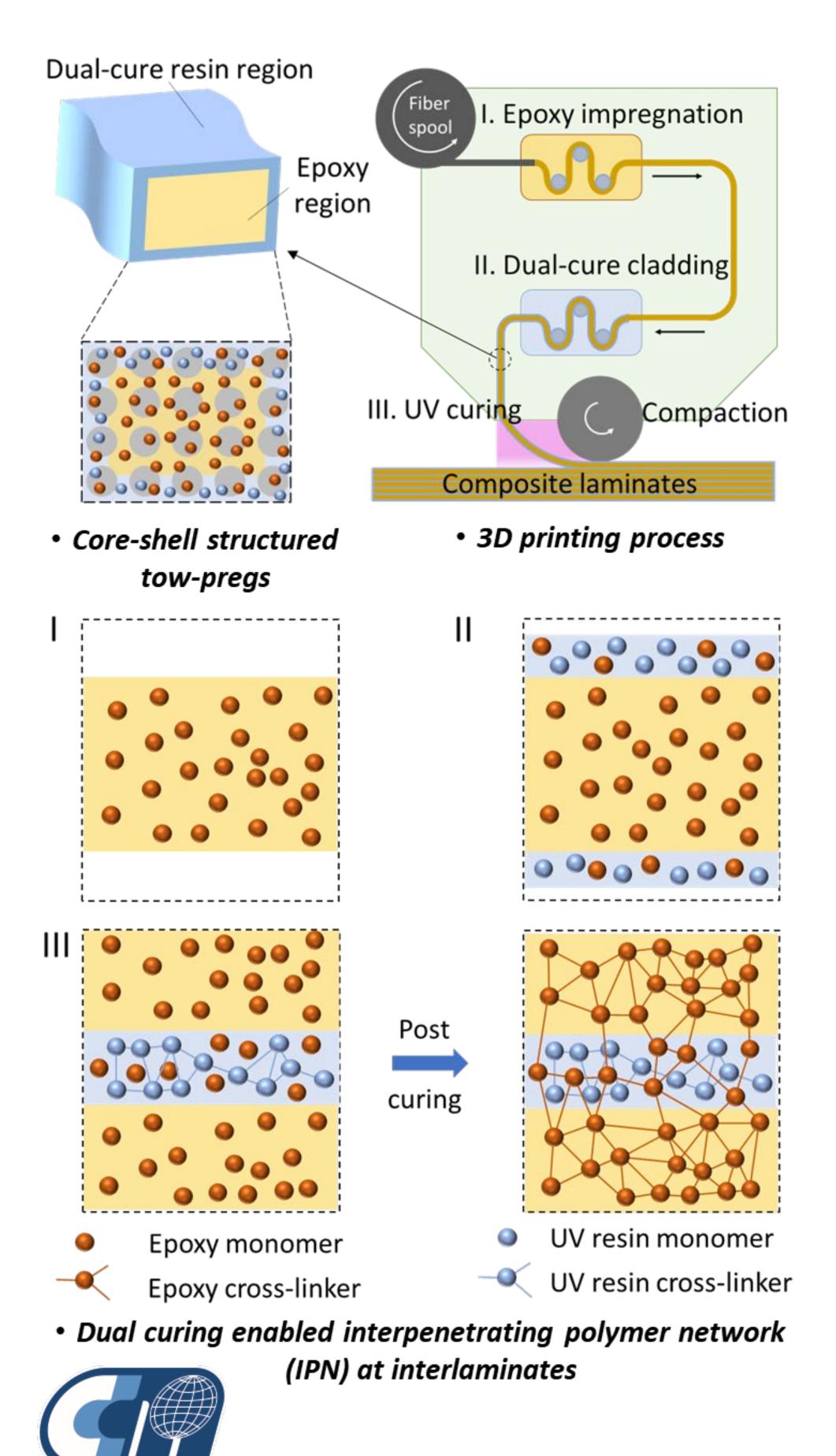
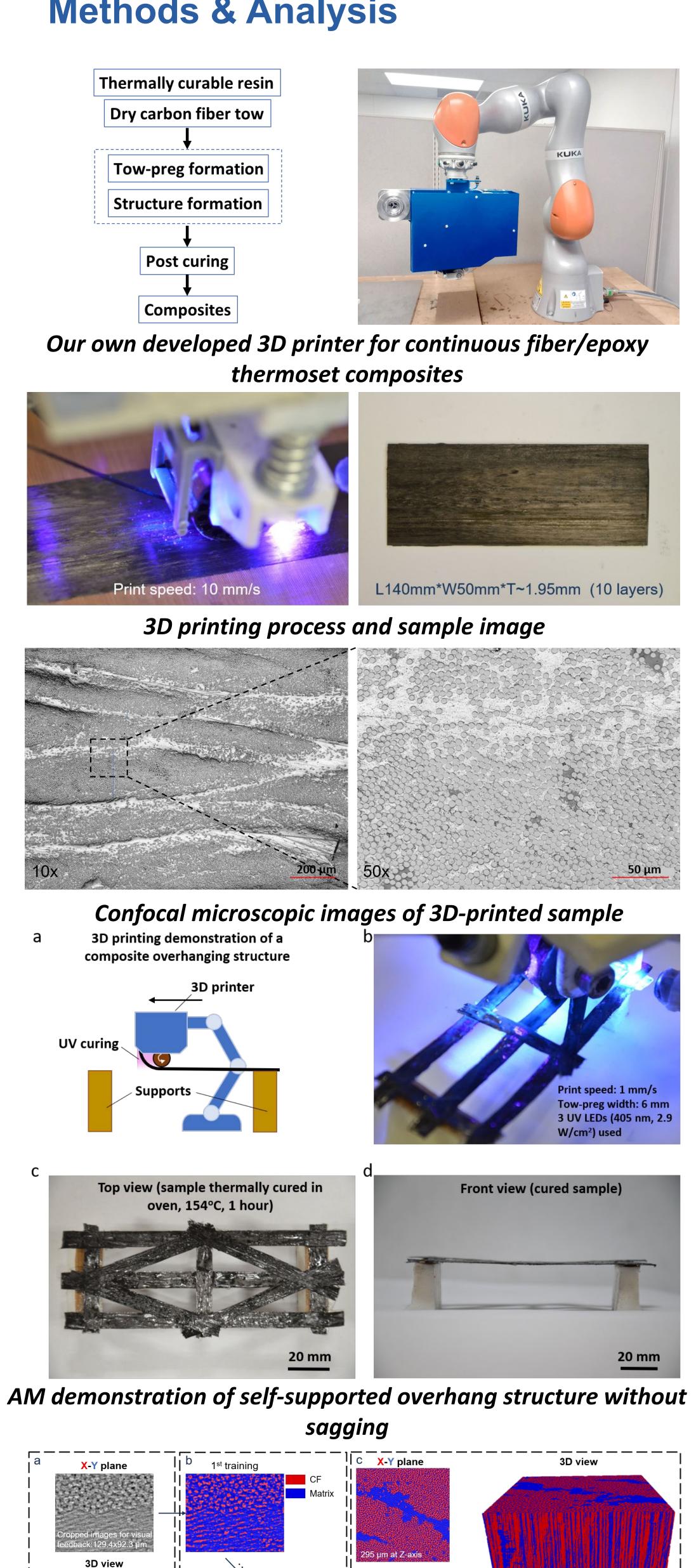
CORE-SHELL STRUCTURED TOW-PREG ENABLED ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING OF CONTINUOUSLY REINFORCED THERMOSET COMPOSITES

Kaiyue Deng, (Ph.D.M.E.)^{1,2}, Dr. Kelvin Fu^{1,2,*} University of Delaware | Center for Composite Materials¹ | Department of Mechanical Engineering² Methods & Analysis Introduction Results

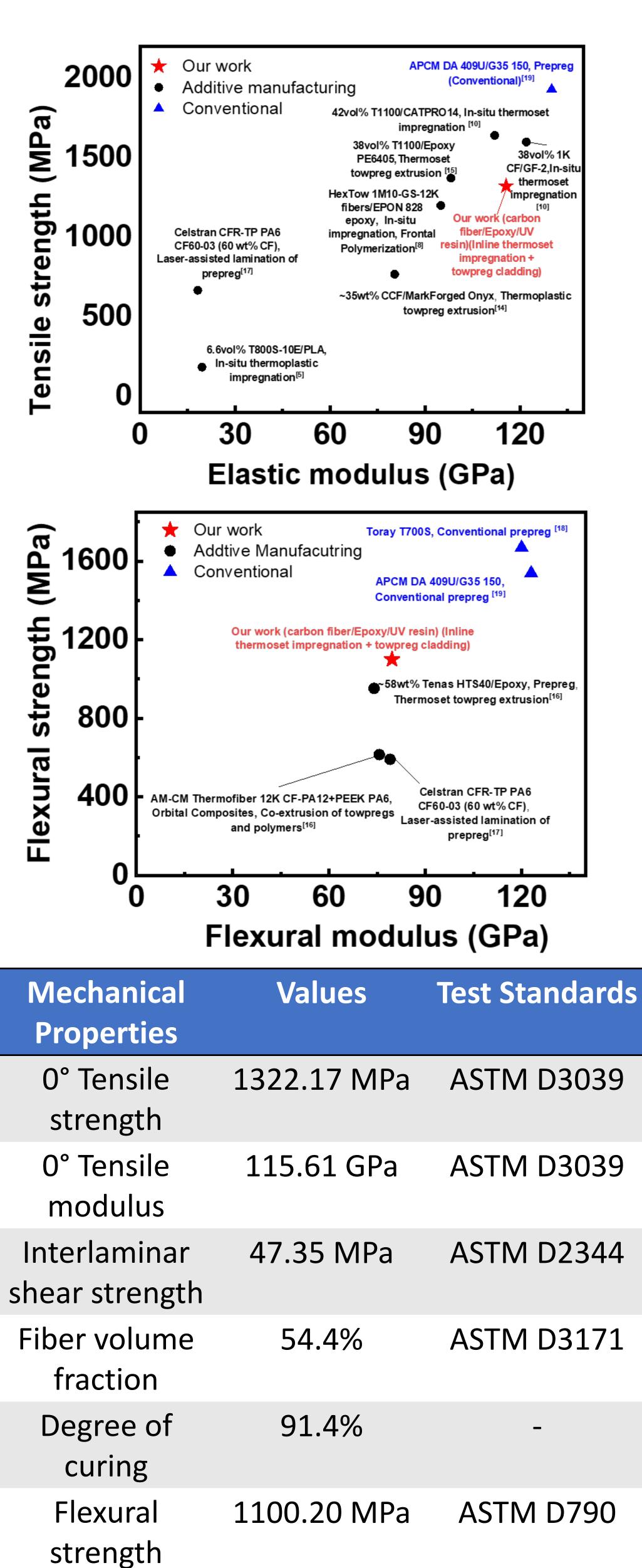
- reinforced fiber Continuous carbon thermoset composites and their additive manufacturing are the main technical interest, due to high mechanical performances and better material quality and processability.
- We developed a rapid interlayer curing strategy called Tow-preg Cladding (TPC), which uses a thin coating of dual-cure resin at the interlayers.
- sequential interpenetrating polymer network (IPN) is formed after UV and thermal curing in the interlayer regions, which improves interlayer bonding.





X-Z plane 100th training Reconstructed image volume: 325 x 325 x 325 µ Deep learning training Output with AI segmentation

nput (raw CT images) Nano-CT image segmentation using deep learning training



79.64 GPa

Flexural

modulus

Conclusions

References

- Part
- Manuf.

Acknowledgements

ASTM D790

• We developed a composite 3D printing strategy for continuous fiber/thermoset composites.

It forms core-shell structured tow-pregs and interpenetrating polymer network (IPN) across laminates.

High mechanical performances were able to achieve, especially tensile strength ~1300 MPa, reaching the level of automotive industry.

 Self-supporting overhang structure and fiber steering structure were able to print using the continuous carbon fibers.

. Deng, K., Zhang, C., & Fu, K. (Kelvin). (2023). Additive manufacturing of continuously reinforced thermally curable thermoset composites with rapid interlayer curing. Composites 110671. Engineering, 257, https://doi.org/10.1016/J.COMPOSITESB.2023.110671

2. Deng, K.; Zhang, C.; Dong, X.; Fu, K. K. Rapid and Energy-Efficient Manufacturing of Thermoset Prepreg via Localized in-Plane Thermal Assist (LITA) Technique. Compos. Part A Appl. Sci. 2022, 107121. 161 https://doi.org/10.1016/J.COMPOSITESA.2022.107121

3. Shi, B.; Shang, Y.; Zhang, P.; Cuadros, A. P.; Qu, J.; Sun, B.; Gu, B.; Chou, T.-W.; Fu, K. (Kelvin). Dynamic Capillary-Driven Additive Manufacturing of Continuous Carbon Fiber Composite. Matter 2020. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.matt.2020.04.010

4. Deng, K., Park, S., Zhang, C. & Fu, K. (Kelvin). Additive manufacturing of continuous fiber/epoxy composite with tow-preg cladding technology. In peer review.

5. Deng, K., Park, S., Sung, D. H. & Fu, K. (Kelvin). Mechanical properties of additively manufactured unidirectional continuous fiber/epoxy composites. In peer review.

• The information, data, or work presented herein was funded in part by the Advanced Research Projects Agency-Energy (ARPA-E), U.S. Department of Energy, under Award Number DE-AR0001576. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency there of

• U.S. Department of Energy Advanced Materials and Manufacturing Technologies Office (AMMTO)

University of Delaware startup grant