## EFFECT OF TPU INTERLAYER ON PERMEABILITY OF STACKED FABRICS TO MANUFACTURE A LAMINATE WITH VARTM PROCESS

## Kushal Mehta (M.S.M.E.)<sup>2</sup>, Tania Lavaggi (Ph.D.M.E.)<sup>1,2</sup>, Dr. Sagar Doshi<sup>1</sup> and Prof. Suresh G. Advani<sup>1,2</sup> University of Delaware / Center for Composite Materials<sup>1</sup> / Department of Mechanical Engineering<sup>2</sup>

#### Motivation

- Thermoplastic polyurethane (TPU) reduces delamination in composites when subjected to impact loads.
- Composites with TPU is more effective in maintaining stiffness during multi-hit events
- TPU is impermeable; also changes fiber volume fraction, therefore affects preform permeability and could affect VARTM processing.

#### **Objective of Research**

Investigate the influence of TPU interlayer on permeability of glass fabric preforms and its effect on manufacturability using VARTM

#### Introduction

- VARTM experiments  $\rightarrow$  measure permeability with and without TPU using simulated resin (Corn Syrup)
- Flow patterns are investigated in different layups

Sr. No.	Experiment Name	S2 Glass Fibers	TPU with 3mm holes at center line 5 cm apart	Size
1.	Without TPU	8 Layers	Not Applicable	150 mm X 350 mm
2.	With TPU	8 Layers	One Layer	762 mm X 400 mm

Fabric Specification as given below

#	Fabric Specification		#	Fabric Specification		
1.	Style	240	2.	Weave Pattern	Plain	
3.	Fiber Type	Glass	4.	Count Ends X Picks	5X5	
5.	Thickness (inch)	0.03	6.	Weight	813.74 (GSM)	



Fig: Single layer of TPU with central Hole

S-2 Glass Fabric 1 S-2 Glass Fabric 2 S-2 Glass Fabric 3 S-2 Glass Fabric 4 TPU Layer 1 S-2 Glass Fabric 5 S-2 Glass Fabric 6 S-2 Glass Fabric 7 S-2 Glass Fabric 8

Fig: Layup with 8 S2 glass fabrics with one layer of TPU in between

- Corn syrup is impregnated into different types of layups.
- At the central line, holes within the TPU sheet are punched to allow the air to be extracted by vacuum pressure from layers on both sides of the TPU layer.



modeling for Mathematical permeability

Darcy's law is used to obtain relationship between volume averaged fluid velocity and fluid pressure as given below:

$$u = \frac{k_{xx} * dP}{\mu * L} - - - - - (1)$$

Also, average velocity is given by:

$$u = \Phi \frac{dL}{dt} - - - - \left(2\right)$$

Equating (1) and (2) and integrating on both sides results in equation (3)

> $\frac{2 * k_{xx} * dP}{\mu * \Phi} \frac{m^2}{s} - - - - (3)$  $\mathsf{m} = \frac{L^2}{\Delta t} =$

### VARTM experimental setup



Fig: Schematic diagram for VARTM experimental setup

Vacuum Pipe with Holes at Central Line on TPU sheet with 5 cm gap between each of them



flow

Fig: Bottom View of the different layups while performing the VARTM experiment.







pattern



# evaluating Flow pattern study by plotting Length<sup>2</sup>



## Conclusions

- side

#### Acknowledgements

 Permeability value is obtained once slope m is calculated from the experiment using Eq. (3)

	Method	Value of Permeability (k) in m <sup>2</sup>						
		Right H	Hand Side	Left Hand Side				
		Top 10 <sup>-11</sup>	Bottom 10 <sup>-11</sup>	Top 10 <sup>-11</sup>	Bottom 10 <sup>-11</sup>			
Experimental without TPU		2.74	2.74	2.74	2.74			
Experimental with TPU		2.67	2.08	1.9	2.03			
Difference in Percentage (%)		2.55	24	30.66	25.91			

• The permeability value of the preform without TPU is 2.74\*10<sup>-11</sup> m<sup>2</sup>.

• The permeability value of preform with TPU is approximately around 2.05\*10<sup>-11</sup> m<sup>2</sup>.

The permeability is affected by the presence of the TPU layer and is different on the left and the right

• The flow pattern is almost uniform for the layup without TPU as compared to the layup with TPU.

 The flow pattern for the layup with TPU was uniform at the bottom as compared to the top.

This suggests that how the TPU layer nests between fabric layers influence the permeability and hence the flow.

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