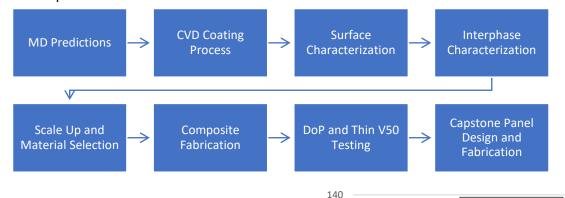
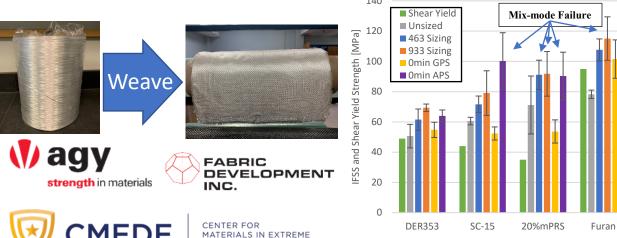


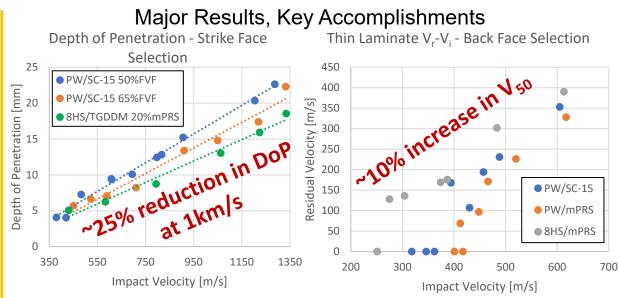
Vapor Deposited Thin Silane Interphases and Capstone Panel Design Munetaka Kubota, Sanjib Chowdhury, Bazle Haque, Joseph Deitzel, Jack Gillespie Jr., Giuseppe Palmese, Daniel O'Brien

Key Goals and Technical Approach

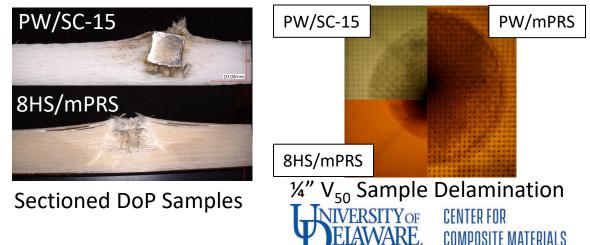
- Large database of new resin/interface combinations has been developed for material design and optimization with IFSS varying by 50-115 MPa, resin yield from 61-164 MPa, and resin energy absorption 70-120 J/cc
- Design a functionally graded composite from the materials properties to improve ballistic performance

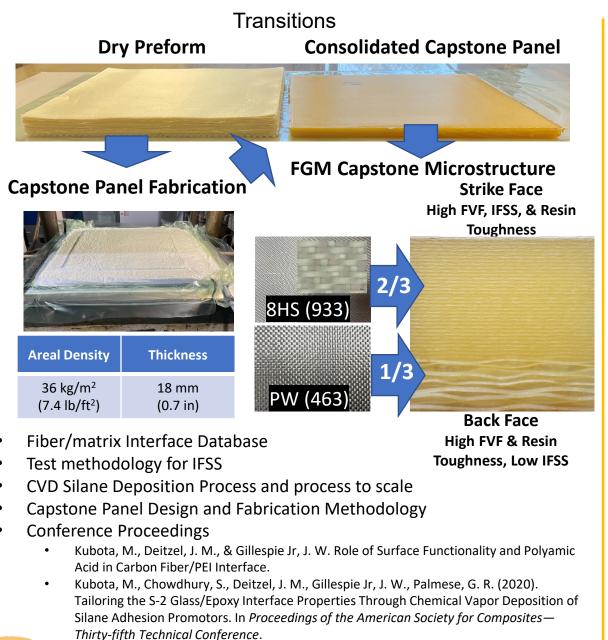






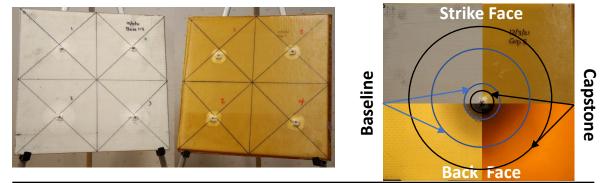
Materials by design by selecting IFSS/Resin/Architecture can vary the V50 from 250-400 m/s and extend delamination from 3" to over 6" in thin laminates







Functionally Graded Capstone Design Shows Superior Ballistic Performance



Capstone panel has smaller strike face delamination; higher penetration resistance on the front while increased energy absorption/inplane tension properties on the back

Equivalent Areal Density:

- <u>Capstone V₅₀: 1108 m/s</u> vs PW/SC-15 Baseline V₅₀: 957 m/s
- Capstone design absorbs 34% more energy than baseline
- Equivalent level of protection as baseline
 - <u>Capstone design can be made 23% thinner/14% lighter</u>

