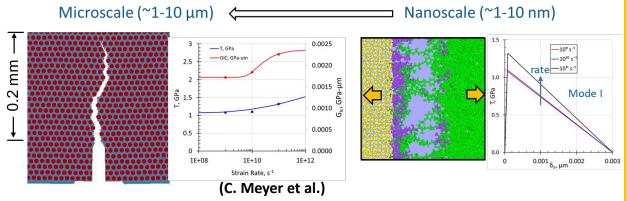


Multi-Scale Modeling of Fiber-Matrix Interphase

Sanjib C. Chowdhury (UD-CCM), Timothy W. Sirk (US-ARL) and John W. Gillespie Jr. (UD-CCM)

Key Goals and Technical Approach

- Establish molecular dynamics-based "Materials-by-Design" framework for composite interphase
- Bridge length scales using MD-based mixed-mode cohesive traction law surfaces
- Design new composite interphases to improve composite performance based on integrative models and objective functions



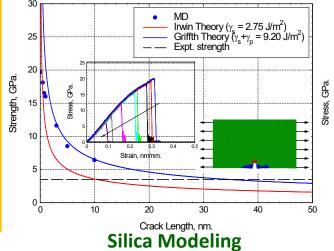
- ✓ Systematically Study
 - Single Constituents: Glass, Epoxy & Sizing
 - Two Constituents: Glass-Sizing Interaction
 - Three Constituents: Fiber-Matrix Interphase with Silane

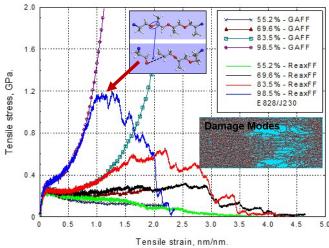


CENTER FOR MATERIALS IN EXTREME DYNAMIC ENVIRONMENTS

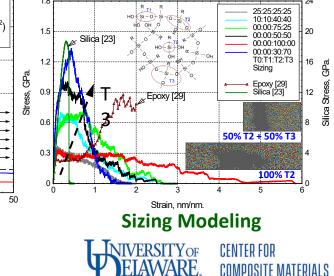
Single Constituent Modeling

- Single constituent glass, epoxy and sizing are studied with reactive force field ReaxFF to establish the structure-properties relationship
- Understand the deformation, damage and properties tailoring mechanism at the atomic length scale
- Develop strain-rate dependent constitutive model



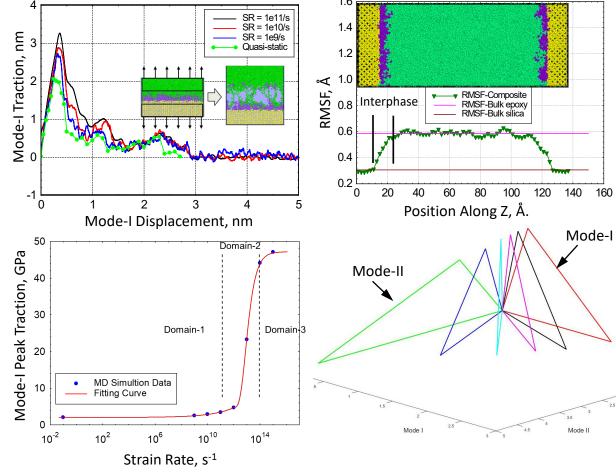


Epoxy Modeling



Rate-Dependent Interphase Traction Laws

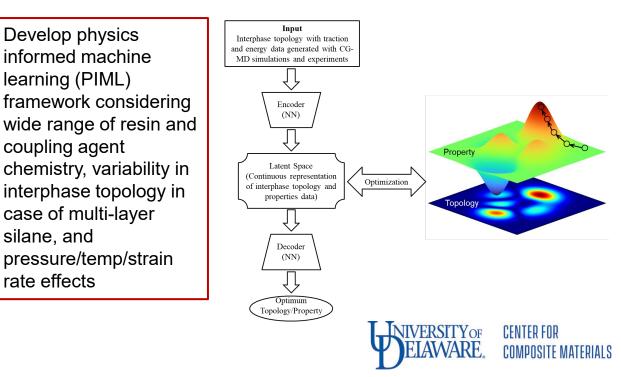
- Develop strain-rate dependent mixed-mode traction laws as a function of interphase structure
- Introduce stress-relaxation approach to predict quasi-static response



Investigate the effects of fiber surface roughness and transverse pressure

Transitions (materials, codes/tools, legacy publications)

- ✓ MD framework for fiber-matrix interphase modeling
- Atomistic models, codes and other data will be uploaded to Craedl and shared with ARL
- Materials-By-Design mixed-mode, strain rate and pressure dependent traction laws for bridging length scales in composite modeling
- Twenty one journal and conference papers are published from this MD modeling projects over last few years, which are uploaded to CRAEDL



Path Forward