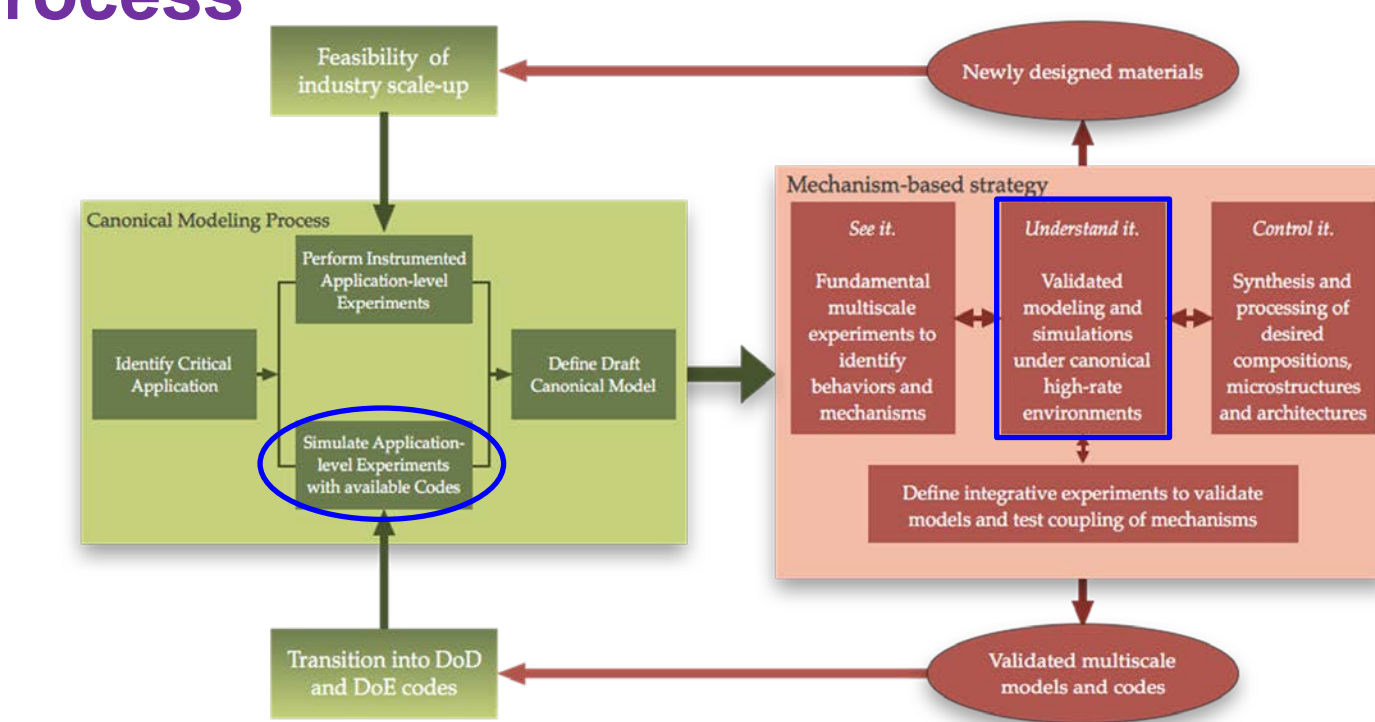


Multi-Scale Modeling of Fiber-Matrix Interphase

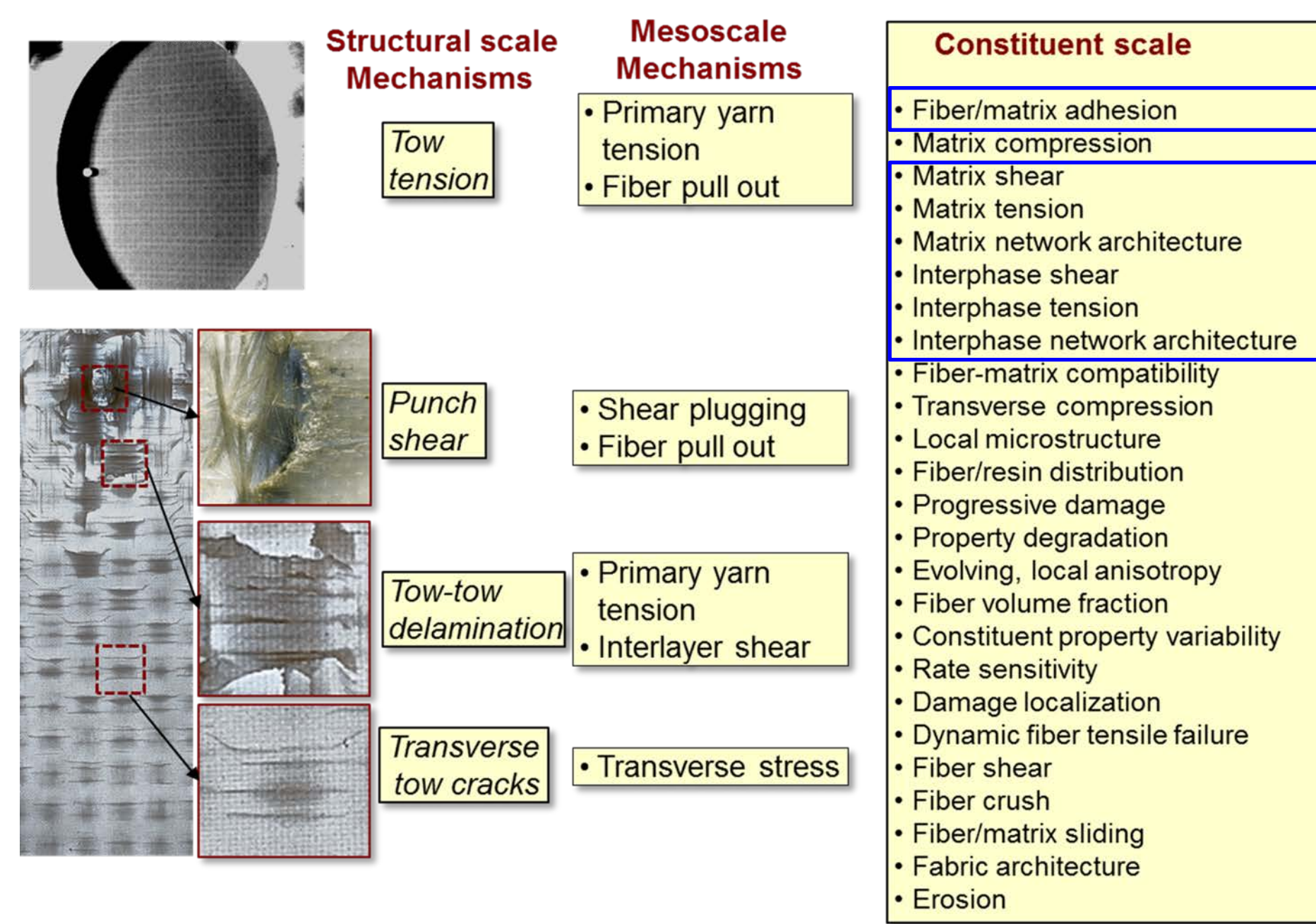
Sanjib C. Chowdhury (UDel), Riley Prosser (UDel, URAP), Matthew Cohen (Udel, URAP), Jejoon Yeon (Udel), John W. Gillespie Jr. (Udel)
 Timothy W. Sirk (ARL), Salman Zarrini (Drexel), Giuseppe Palmese (Drexel), Cameron F. Abrams (Drexel)

How We Fit

Materials-by-Design Process



Mechanism-based Approach



Technical Approach

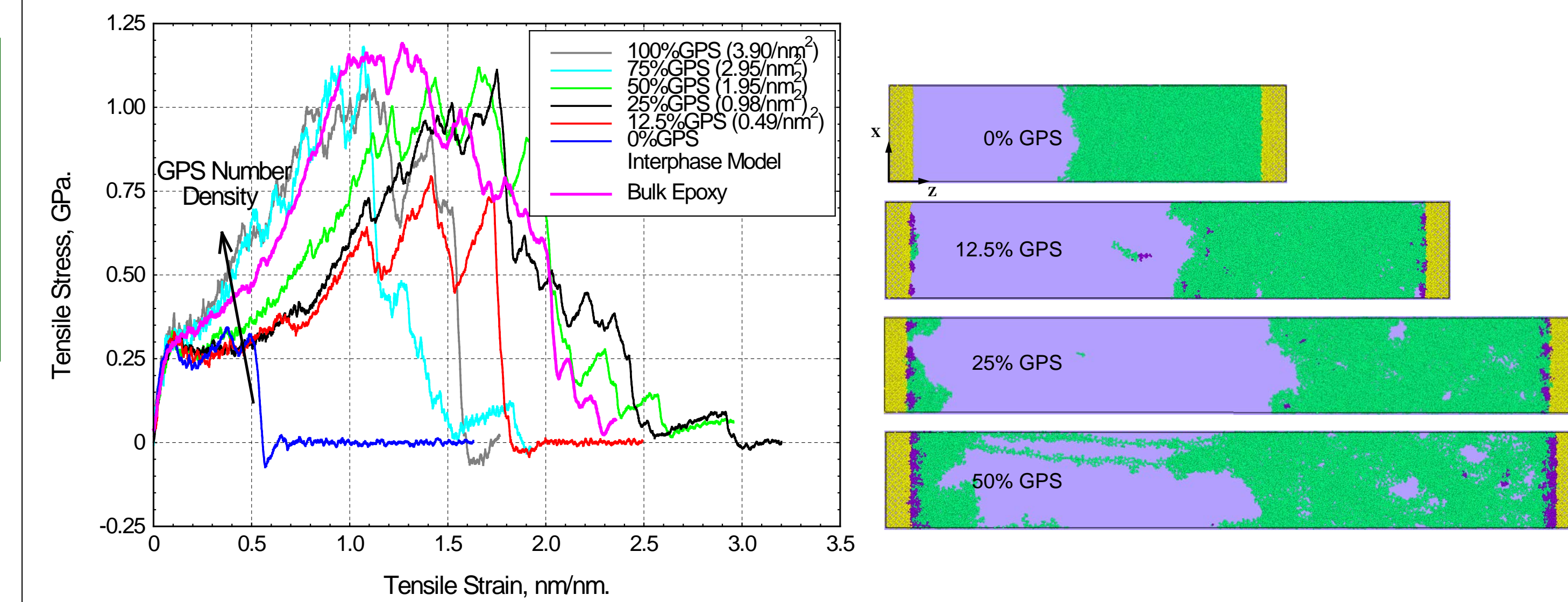
Molecular Modeling of Single-Constituent Systems (Glass, Sizing & Epoxy) (Deformation/Damage Mechanism)

Molecular Modeling of Two-Constituent Systems (Glass-Sizing, Epoxy-Sizing) (Glass surface adhesion/inter-diffusion)

Molecular Modeling of Three-Constituent System Glass-Sizing-Epoxy Interphase (Formation, Deformation/Damage/Energy Absorption Mechanisms & System Optimization)

Develop MD Based Mixed-Mode Traction-Separation Law Surfaces (Strain Rate/Hydrostatic Pressure Effects)

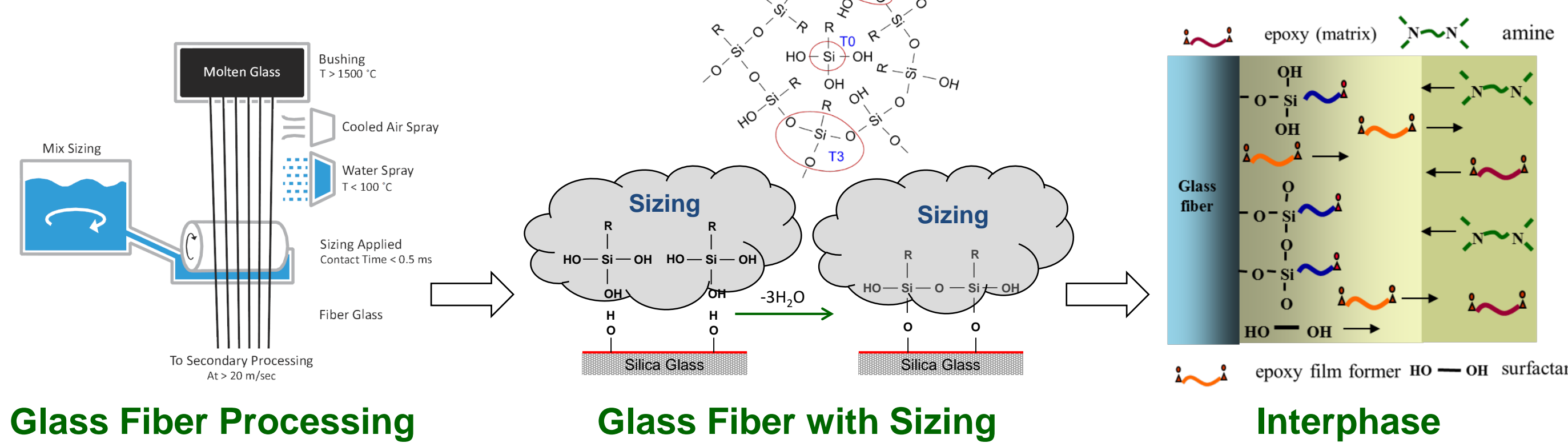
Major Results/Key Accomplishments



- ✓ Overall, composite strength improves with increase in the silane (GPS) concentration
- ✓ At 0% GPS, failure is adhesive at fiber surface (Non-bonded interaction only)
- ✓ As GPS number density increase, cohesive failure occurs in the bulk epoxy
- ✓ At 50-75% GPS concentration, composite strength and energy reach bulk epoxy properties and failure modes transition to cohesive failure in epoxy
- ✓ MD prediction is consistent with the micro-mechanics based R-value analysis (Ganesh et al., JCM 2018)
- ✓ Development of mixed-mode TL is in progress

Key Goals

- ✓ Interphase is a distinct region between fiber and matrix which develops during processing through diffusion and reaction between the matrix and the fiber sizing

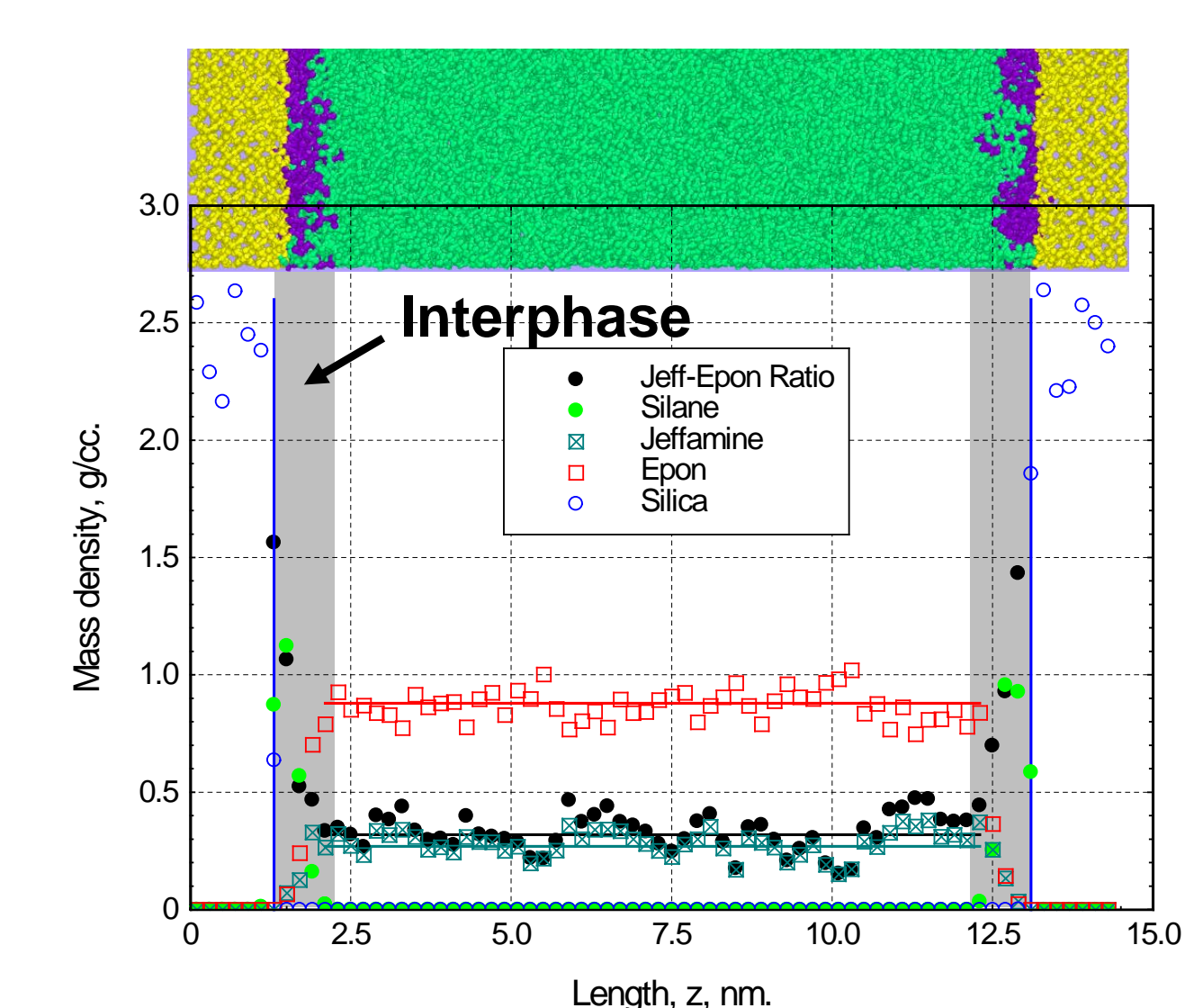
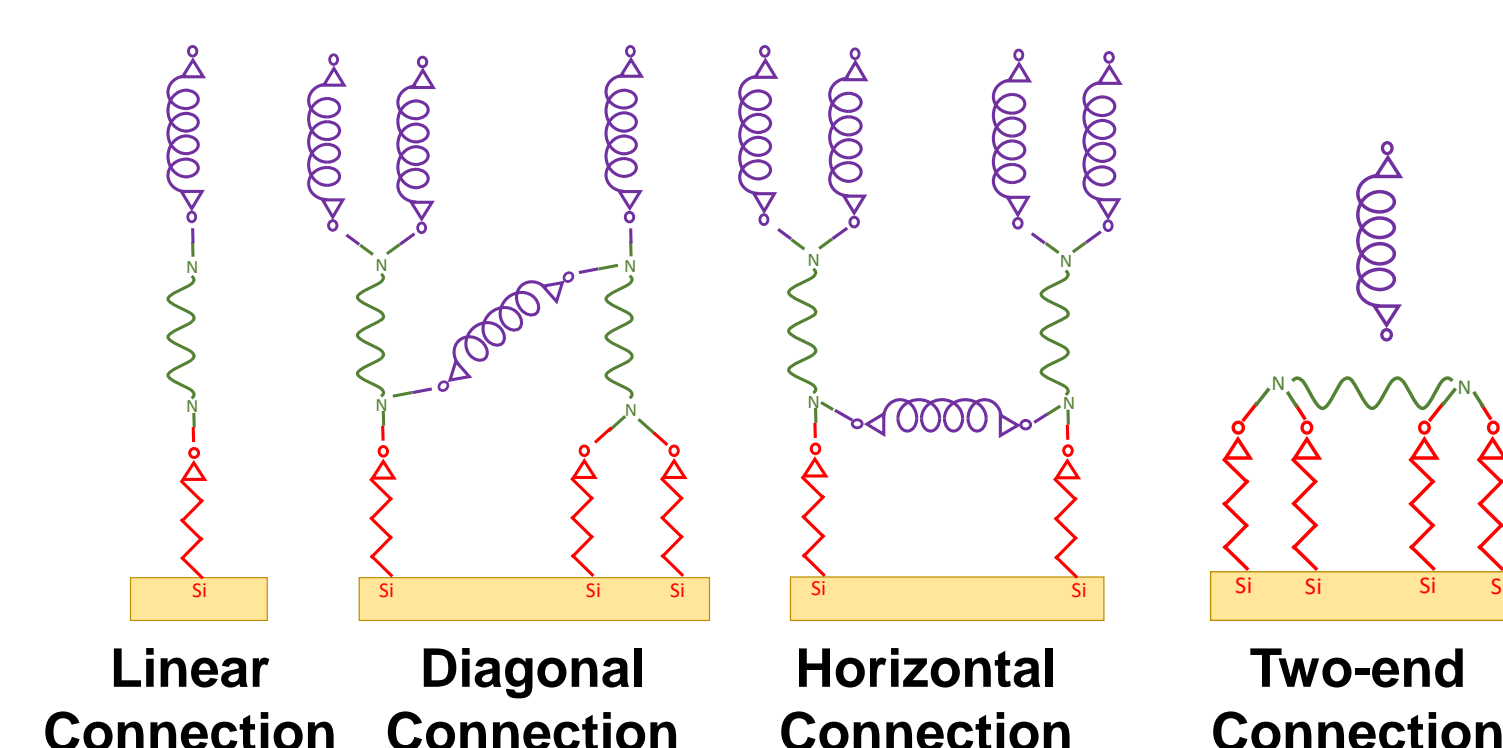
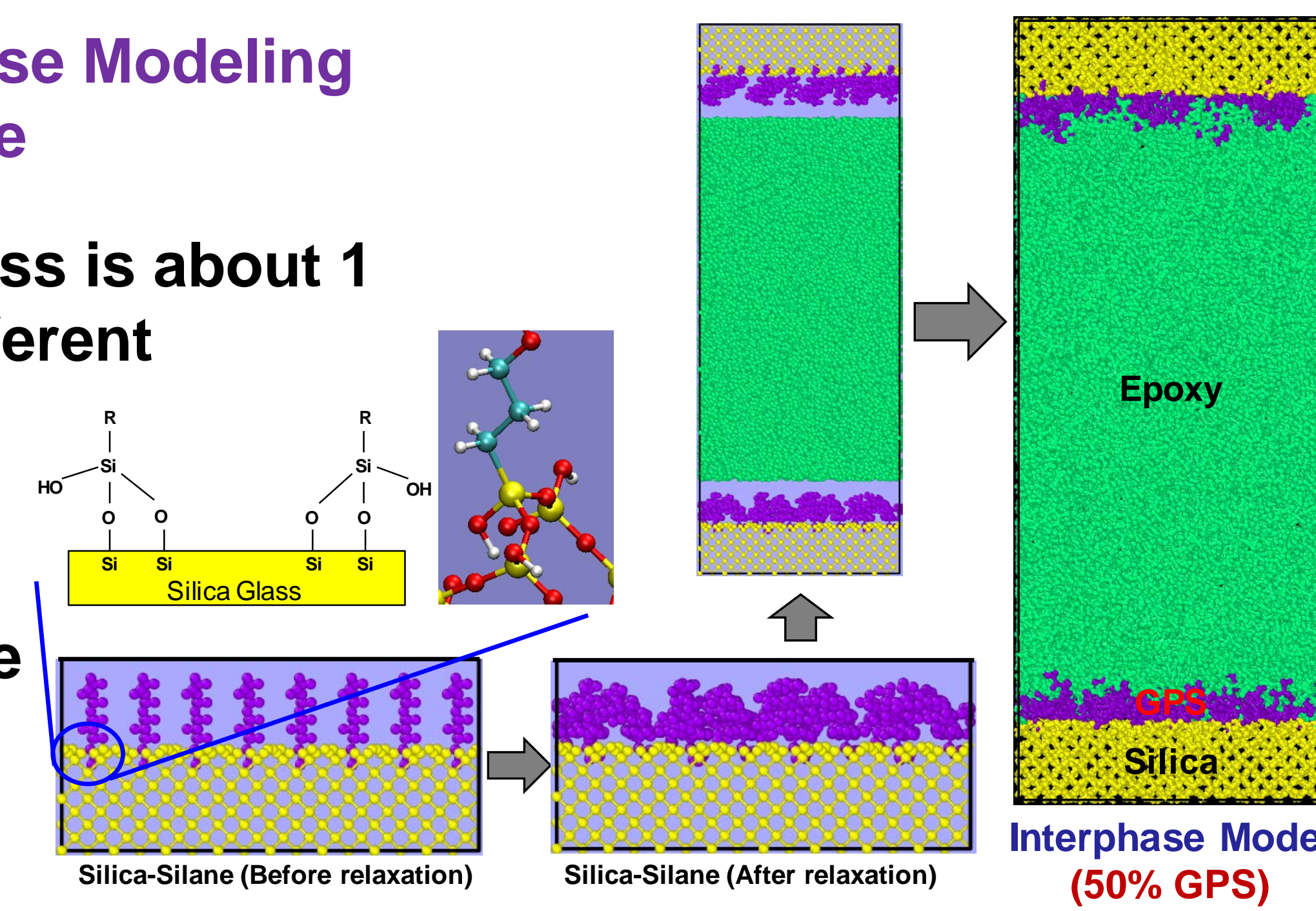


- ✓ Establish a molecular dynamics based "Materials-by-Design" framework for composite interphase
- ✓ Bridge length scales using MD based mixed-mode cohesive traction law surfaces
- ✓ Design new composite interphases to improve composite performance based on CMRG integrative models and objective functions

Major Results/Key Accomplishments

Fiber-Epoxy Interphase Modeling with Monolayer Silane

- ✓ Interphase thickness is about 1 nm consists of different connectivity patterns
- ✓ Diagonal type pattern is favorable to increase strength and energy absorption



Path Forward

- ✓ MD based interphase design for the CMRG uniaxial tension and punch shear integrative models
- ✓ Study the effects of fiber breakage on energy dissipation - interphase de-bonding and matrix cracking

Transitions to ARL, within CMRG and to other CMRGs

- ✓ Developed MD protocol will be transitioned to ARL
- ✓ MD based interphase mixed-mode traction law will be used in composites micro-mechanics damage modeling

Contribution to MEDE Legacy

- ✓ MD based materials-by-design framework will guide ARL/CMRG experimentalists to design optimum interphase structure